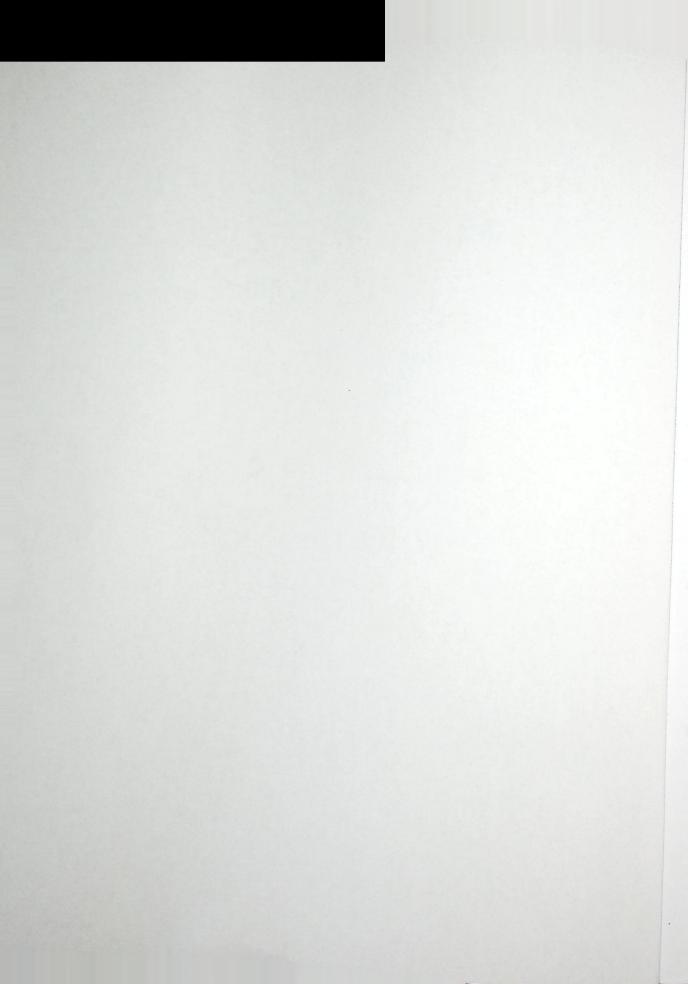
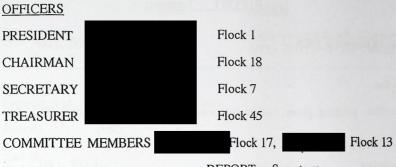
BRITISH ICELANDIC SHEEP BREEDERS GROUP

FLOCK BOOK Volume VII 1994





REPORT - Secretary

The first General Meeting took place in August 1994 at where the Group was founded in 1988. This event was a success, not so much because of the number of members taking part, but because of the serious discussion of the problems facing the breed. As is the case with any breed society our main objective is to protect the purity of the breed and secondly to promote it. It is hoped that the decisions that were arrived at will enable us to do this more effectively. We have taken as our model common practice among other breed societies.

1. All members are to be issued with pedigree forms and will be asked to complete these and give them to any person buying registered stock. If the new owner wishes to breed pedigree stock he will have to join the Group and return the pedigree to the Secretary for the change of ownership to be recorded.

2. At present only animals which are at least 50% Icelandic are entered in the Flock Book. From 1996 only animals at least 75% Icelandic will be registered. Our aim will be to include only pure or up-graded stock in the Flock Book in about seven years time. In 1988 there were only three Icelandic blood lines in the country, and as a result cross bred stock were common. Now that we have more than 55 blood lines it was agreed that cross breeding is no longer necessary.

3. The membership subscription is to continue at £5 per annum, however there is to be a charge of £1 for each animal registered for the first 20 animals, over that number registration will be free. Members wishing to sell wethers for wool production will be included on the 'for sale' lists, but only breeding stock will be included in the Flock Book. The extra income generated will cover those secretarial and other expenses which in the past have come out of the pockets of officers and committee members, and we hope will enable us to hold more frequent meetings. As far as we are aware these charges are somewhat lower than any other breed society.

4. Combining a 'for sale' list with the flock book has proved unsatisfactory. Most members seem unwilling to complete flock returns until the late summer when they are more certain of what they wish to do with their animals, many delay until late autumn, this is far too late for the flock book to be of any use to buyers who wish to acquire stock in time for them to settle in before the tupping season. All prospective buyers are sent an address list of breeders, but this does not give any indication of the range of stock available. Flock 17, has offered to compile a detailed list and keep it up to date, so write to her if you have stock to be included.

5. It was agreed that the Group should continue to be represented at a small number of 'smallholder' shows, and that members should be helped with publicity material and the loan of the stand when they wish to attend their local shows. The possibility of organising a stock sale or a wool sale was discussed. Members should be encouraged to publicise the breed, the meat and the wool in their own areas.

In the past year the Group was represented at the small farming shows at Shepton Mallet and Harrogate. There was also a display and animals were on show at Murton Rare Breeds Farm, York, for the week of the 4th World Congress on Coloured Sheep held at York University. Japanese and American delegates were especially interested, the Americans are importing Icelandic sheep for the first time this year, - they are to come from Canada.

The flock return for 1995 will be included in the Spring letter which will give details of

shows and events in the coming year.

Secretary, January 1995.

REPORT - Treasurer

Balance as at 15 February 1995

Outstanding for:

Flock Book 1994 - printing, paper, folders and postage

£ 38 - 00

Balance remaining

£ 162 - 00

February 1995

ABBREVIATIONS

P = pure, 100%

UP = upgraded, 95% and over

All animals are single unless otherwise indicated

It is up to flock owners to describe their animals as they think fit, but it is not necessary to go into detail.

INSERTS

Pedigree form. Please photocopy this form.

The pedigree should be completed and given to any person to whom you sell or give stock, even if you are told that the intention is not to breed from the animal. Purchasers may alter their minds about breeding or sell the animal to a third party who is disappointed if they do not possess the necessary documentation to register their lambs.

Volume VII should be inserted at the back of your flock book folder.

Name		Flock Address 5 Shelan	re short WYE	
No/Name	<u>D.O.B.</u>	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Males Females	mart, gmed . 1983 8687	lusts retemped to the light of the least transfer to the least transfer transfer to the least transfer transfe		
1 Gullfoss	25.3.94	P, golden brown/apricot, triplet, polled sold to flock 60	Thunder	Cinnamon

Name		Flock Address		
		6 Springfield		
No/Name.	<u>D.O.B.</u>	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Males 23RN Gunnar	8.4.94	P, moorit, twin, horned	196 Grimur	02RN Bruni
24RN Grani	8.4.94	P, white/moorit Jacob pattern, twin, horned	"	
<u>Females</u>			"	CODN
20RN Griselda	.9.4.94	P, black/grey, twin, polled		03RN Apricot
21RN	11.4.94	P, moorit, triplet, polled	"	01RN Thora
Gerda 22RN Gisla	11.4.94	P, black/grey, triplet, polled	"	01RN Thora
All 1994 lambs	are for sale.			

Name	Flock Addr	ess	
90	7		
No/Name D.O.B	<u>Description</u>	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
<u>Males</u> - Females			
101 blue Hope 13.4.94 102 blue Charity "	P, brown, white markin P, brown and white, twi	n, polled Agamemno	50white n Jutta
103 blue Bubble 17.4.94	P, moorit and white, hor	250 11101	
329/90 138/90	P, import, grey, from flo P, import, brown, from f	flock 18 flock 18	Squeak

Address Flock Name 9 Jemecs No/Name D.O.B. Description Sire Dam Males red OF 231 010 4.94 P, black Augustus Flora fl. 17 Alexander **Females** red tags OF 231 003 P, Augustus 4.94 OF 2318 fl. 17 green OF 231 056 OF 231 004 4.94 P, black gold OF 231 4.94 P, black, twin OF 231 006 4.94 P, white, OF 231 008 green OF 231 007 4.94 P, 1 red Fiona OF 231 008 4.94 P, 54 gold Freckles OF 231 009 4.94 P. 51 gold Helga flock 17 Sold - to Fiona, 1988, 4 JMS 2, retag OF231 001 red, Fancy, 1989, tagged recently OF231 026 blue, OF 231 027 blue Freda, Fay, OF 231 028 blue flock 70 - to ram - 66, 1990 import, Hagar 279, 1990 import, Helgar, retag OF 231 051 gold 7, 1992, Fanny, retag OF 231 053 gold 9, 1992, Freckles, retag OF 231 054 gold 10, 1992, Frolic, retag OF 231 056 gold 11, 1992, Fenella, retag OF 231 055 gold OF231 6, 1993, retag OF231 081 green OF231 7, 1993, retag OF231 080 green

to ewe, 6 1992, Hattie, retag OF231 053 gold to ewe OF231 2, 1993, retag OF 231 077 green

Dec'd. - 8, 1992, Fern, OF231 3, 1993, OF231 5, 1993, Flora, ex fl., 1 1983 This flock is being dispersed, only a few animals are still for sale.

OF231 8, 1993, retag OF231 078 green OF231 1, 1993, retag OF231 079 green OF231 4, 1993, retag OF231 076 green

ewe lambs 003 red, 1994 007 red, 1994

Name		

Flock
13 Cae'rddraig

Address

No/Name	. <u>D.O.B.</u>	<u>Description</u>	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Males TY022	26.3.94	P, black twin, horned	Iceland's	red 16 Joly Kesku
C.Jestatjor			Tjornes Joly Bjorn	
TY033	15.4.94	P, pale grey, twin, black face & legs, horned	Jory Djorn	J. Heskii
C. Janu ap	Вјоги			
Females			I. Tjornes	red16
TY031	26.3.94	P, steel grey, twin, polled	1. I Joines	Joly Kesku
C. Jooles TY029	12.4.94	93.75%, Shetland x, moorit/grey, twin,	C. Hesktjo	r TY016
C.J'aime D		polled	Danii "	C.Eliza Jane
TY030	12.4.94	93.75%, Shetland x, black/grey, twin,		
C. Jade ap I	Danii 10.4.94	polled 87.5 %, BMW x, moorit, triplet, polled	J. Bjorn	C. Ffion
TY036 C.Jenna	10.4.94	87.5 %, Biviv A, moone, express, posses		
TY032	13.4.94	96.87 %, Dorset Horn x, red moorit, single,	"	C. Eventide
C. Josii	14.404	polled	"	J. Kate
TY023 C. Jyntii	14.4.94	87.5 %, Shetland x, Moorit, twin, polled		J. Ikato
TY028	12.3.94	93.75 %, BWM x, Pale grey, single, polled	I. Tjornes	C. Gwennan
C. Jessica	-0.504	50 G F 1 St 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CHD	C Cwanda
TY037 C. Jennii	29.5.94	50 %, Foula Shetland x, black/grey, twin, polled	C.H.Danii	C.Gwenda
TY038	5.6.94	50 %, Foula Shetland x, grey/cream, moorit	66	C.Hollianna
C. Jo-lii		ears, twin, polled		

Bought from flock 1, yellow 62 1989 (Jofrid), blue 64 1990 (Jaffa), red 14 1991 (Skutorg), red 18 1991 (Skolfina), red 24 1991 (Skuvaz). Dec'd - C. Hesktjor Danii, C. Isla, Joly Kesku Name

Flock

Address

17

No/Name Males	<u>D.O.B</u>	. <u>Description</u>	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
1-PI blue Endymion	14.4.94	P, white and apricot, triplet, horned	Piper flock 7	Odian
13-GRI gold Ettienne	15.4.94	P, white, twin, horned sold to flock 62	Grinn	Cecily
9PI blue Edward	18.4.94	P, black, grey face, twin, horned	Piper flock 7	Cordelia
8-CHA purple Ezra	4.5.94	P, black and white, twin, polled	Charlemag	gne Dahlia
15-PI blue Eberneezer	4.4.94	UP, black, twin, horned	Piper flock 7	Cleopatra
16-PI blue Ezekial	4.4.94	UP, black, white markings, twin, horned	"	"
11-PI blue Enrico	7.4.94	UP, pale apricot, twin, horned	"	Bedelia
Females				
14-HA Esme	8.4.94	P, white, tan markings. triplet, polled	Hagar Ama flock 9	aryllis
3-HA blue Elvira	8.4.94	P, white, triplet, polled	"	"
9-HA blue Euphorbia	11.4.94	P, white, twin, polled	• •	Bianca
10-HA blue Evadne	11.4.94	P, white, tan markings, twin, polled	44	"
3-PI blue Eurydice	14.4.94	P, apricot and white, triplet, polled	Piper flock 7	Odiann
12-GRI gold Epiphania	15.4.94	P, white, tan markings, twin, polled	Grinn	Cecily
2HA blue Emily	15.4.94	P, white, some tan, twin polled	Hagar flock 9	Nene
8-PI blue Eloise	17.4.94	P, grey, twin, polled	Piper flock 7	Cordelia
4-PI blue Ellora	18.4.94	P. black and dark brown markings, twin, horned	66	Ceanothus
5-PI blue Ermintrude	18.4.94	P, grey, twin, polled	"	"
6-PI blue Etta	19.4.94	P, apricot/white, twin, horned	"	Columbine "
7-PI blue Erica	19.4.94	P, white, twin, horned		
7 CHA purple Eider	4.5.94	P, black and white, twin, polled		gne Dahlia
12-HA blue Edelweiss	4.4.94	UP, Dorset x, white, twin, polled	Hagar flock 9	Bathsheba "
13-HA blue Edwige	4.4.94	UP, Dorset x, white, twin, polled		
10-PI blue Ebony	7.4.94	UP, Dorset x, black, twin, horned	Piper flock 7	Bedelia

Flock 17,		continued		
11-HA blue	7.4.94	UP, Dorset x, white, twin, polled	Hagar flock 9	Christiane
Echo 9-CHA purple	12.4.94	UP, Dorset x, white, twin, polled	Charlen	nagne Chantal
Eve 7-HA blue	12.4.94	UP, Dorset x, white, twin, polled	Hagar flock 9	Babushka
Ekaterina 8-HA blue	12.4.94	UP, Dorset x, white, some tan, twin, polled	"	"
Edana 10-CHA purple	13.4.94	UP, Dorset x, white, dark brown eye patches,	Charlen	nagne Coreopsis
Ephrosina 11-CHA purple	13.4.94	brown & black spots on body, twin polled UP, Dorset x, markings as twin above, but	"	"
Esmeralda 18-PI blue	20.4.94	more spots on body UP, Dorset x, black, twin, polled	Piper flock 7	Celandine
Ember 12-PI purple	1.4.94	93.75%, Dorset x, white, twin, polled	"	Blanche
Esther 13-PI purple	8.4.94	ec ec ec ec ec ec	"	"
Erin 6-HA blue	9.4.94	93.75%, BWM, Dorset, white, twin, polled	Hagar	Coppelia
Emma 14-PI blue	16.4.94	75%, Manx x, white, twin, polled	flock 9 Piper	Butterscotch
	19.4.94	75%, Hebridean x, apricot, twin, polled	flock 7	Bettina
Evangeline 12-CHA purple	1.4.94	93.75%, Dorset x, black, twin, polled	Charlem	agne Baccardi
Eartha 13-CHA purple	1.4.94	", Dorset x, black, white cap, twin, polled	"	"
Epsilon				

Dec'd - Dianthus, Dalrymple, Cecily, Caractacus, Caesar

Sold - to Ewes

red 5 Blanche, re-tagged red 7 GRI, with 1994 lambs 12-PI purple and 13-PI purple gold 9 BER Columbine, with 1994 lamb 7-PI blue silver 6 Butterscotch, with 1994 lamb 14-PI blue blue 3 Christiane, with 1994 lamb 11-HA blue purple 4 SAM Dorcas

- to flock 65 gold-17-BER Demelza blue 7-BER Dinah blue 6-PI Etta

- to Ram lamb Edward blue PI-9 Ewes Babushka purple

Babushka purple 1-BER Dorothea purple 5-CHA Edana blue HA-8, ewe lamb

- to
Ewe lambs Edwige blue 13-HA
Evangeline blue 19-PI
Epsilon purple 13-CHA

Flock 17, continued

- to flock 66
Ram Augustus 2-gold

- to flock 68

Ewes Dozemary gold 22-GRI, from flock 42, tag no. 8
Dulcie purple 2-CHA
Flore 8 PI

Eloise 8-PÎ Ermintrude 5-PI

- to Ettienne 13 GRI gold

Bought from flock 42 Ewes Gretel 1989 Hekla 1991 Heimay 1991

Bought from flock 9

Ewes Fiona, 1988, 4 JMS 2, retag OF 231 001 red

Fancy, 1989, tagged recently OF 231 026 blue Freda, 1989, tagged recently, OF 231 027 blue Fay, 1989, tagged recently, OF 231 028 blue

Name Flock Address
18 Horton

D.O.B	<u>Description</u>	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
21.3.94	87.5%, gold/white leopard spot, twin. polled	Thor	H,Flicker
5.4.94	87.5%, white, black markings on head & neck	, Daedalus	H.Ermine
		flock /	
7.4.94		"	H.Dandelion
7.4.94	93.75%, white, gold markings, leopard spot,	"	H.Sparkle
8.4.94	93.75%, white, big gold patches, polled	"	H.Starlight
11.4.94		"	H.Acacia
11.4.94	P, black, white markings on face and legs, homed	"	H.Acacia
15.4.94	87.75%, black, white markings on face and legs, polled	"	H.Caramel
	21.3.94 5.4.94 7.4.94 7.4.94 8.4.94 11.4.94	21.3.94 87.5%, gold/white leopard spot, twin. polled 87.5%, white, black markings on head & neck twin, polled 93.75%, gold, white markings, single (from ewe lamb), polled 7.4.94 93.75%, white, gold markings, leopard spot, single from ewe lamb, horned 8.4.94 93.75%, white, big gold patches, polled 11.4.94 93.75%, white, black spots, polled P, black, white markings on face and legs, horned 87.75%, black, white markings on face and	21.3.94 87.5%, gold/white leopard spot, twin. polled Thor 5.4.94 87.5%, white, black markings on head & neck, Daedalus twin, polled flock 7 7.4.94 93.75%, gold, white markings, single (from ewe lamb), polled 7.4.94 93.75%, white, gold markings, leopard spot, single from ewe lamb, horned 8.4.94 93.75%, white, big gold patches, polled " 11.4.94 93.75%, white, black spots, polled " 11.4.94 P, black, white markings on face and legs, horned 15.4.94 87.75%, black, white markings on face and "

All animals crossed were crossed with Shetlands.

Due to complete re-organisation at this flock has been disbanded. Details will be given in the spring letter. 329/90 and 138/90 sold to flock 7.

<u>Name</u>		<u>Flock</u> 19 Monks Hall	Address		
No/Name Males	DO.B.	Description		Sire	<u>Dam</u>

No/Name Males	DO.B.	<u>Description</u>	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
-				
Females G5	16.494	P, cream, twin, horned	Harald	Etta
G7	17.4.94	87.5%, Shetland x, fawn/pale grey, twin, poll	ed "	Gail
G9	18.4 94	50%, Shetland x, cream, twin, polled	"	Emily
G4	16.4.94	UP, Cotswold x, black/grey twin, horned	"	Honey 3 Hazel G46
G6 G1	16.4.94 10.4.94	87.5%, Wensleydale x, black, twin, polled	44	Magnetta
G2	10.4.94	P, cream/grey, twin, horned P, black, horned, twin	"	""

flock 53
Fanny R11, 50%, Shetland x.
Flotta R12, 50%, Shetland x.
Ella R5, 93.75%, Shetland x Sold - to

For sale or exchange Harald, 15Z6 00161, import 1990, P, blue/grey, horned, ex flock 44, would swop for

polled ram. G5 and G2, see above, also 3 ewe tegs, 2 black, one fawn, two of which are 75% and one 87.5% Icelandic. For sale

<u>Name</u>		Flock	Address		
		24 Breachacha77			
No/Name Males	<u>D.O.B</u> .	Description		Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females N5 Petrel	4/5 1993	P, black, twin, h	orned	00410/102	Z6 LH305
N1 Raven N2 Robin	4/5 1994 4/5 1994	75%, black twin 75%,moorit, twi	, ?polled n, ?polled	"	1991/24 1990/20

<u>Name</u>		Flock Address 27 Wrekin	200	
	MINE TO			
No/Name Males	D.O.B	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females E.I.H. 31	15.5.94	P, white, horned	143	EIH 29
P 1 Daisymay	11.5.94	P, black, sold to registered under no. & name given by f		was EIH EIH 24
EIH 23 now EII	H30			
Sold to E.I.H. 1, E.I.H.	2 FIH6F	T H 30	No. 15 St	
Dec'd. L.H. 532		.1.11.50		
	z, G.D. 100			
<u>Name</u>	diameter bie	Flock Address		
Company of the Compan	DESIANA P	35 Delphouse		
No/Name Males	<u>D.O.B</u> .	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females 28	94	50%, Shetland x, white horned	Wrekin	Shetland
22	94	50%, Shetland x, white, polled	Magnus "	"
30 11	94 94	50%, Shetland x, white 50%, Shetland x, white	"	"
All the above a	re for sale.			
<u>Name</u>		Flock Address		
No. of the latest	14 1 (20)	42		

<u>Name</u>		<u>Flock</u> 44 44	Address		
No/Name Males	DOB	Description		Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females This flock has	s been disbar	nded. The only re	emaining animal is with	a flock 65	
<u>Name</u>		Flock 45 Birch Tree	Address		

No/Name	DOB	Description	Sire	Dam	
Males 151	12.4.94	P, brown/black, twin, horned, sold to fl. 69	RM 190	326 137	
152	12.4.94	P, brown/black, twin, horned, sold to fl. 69	"	44	
171	1.8.94	P, white, male, horned, sold to Paradise Community, Painswick, Glos.	130	142	
Females		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
153	10.4.94	P, brown, horned, sold to fl. 69	144	LH 83	
154	17.4.94	P, grey, horned,	RM 190	3Z6 404	
155	19.4.94	P, mouflon, twin, horned	"	RM126	
157	22.4.94	P, badger face, horned,	130	139	
158	22.4.94	P, badger face, triplet, horned, sold to fl. 69	RM 190	1626 497	
159	22.4.94	P, badger face type markings on body, "triplet, horned, sold to fl. 69	"	"	
160	25.4.94	P, white, triplet, horned, sold to fl. 69	10Z6 1273		-
161	25.4.94	P, white, triplet, horned, sold to fl. 69	"		
				7.4	

Name/Flock		Flock Address 50		
NoName Males	DOB	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females M1/94 M2/94 B1/94 B2/94 BB1/94	4.94 4.94 4.94 4.94 5.94	81%, Welsh Mountain x, white, twin, polled 81%, " " white, twin, polled 81%, Shetland/W. M. x, white, twin, polled 81%, " ", white, twin, horned 81%, " ", black, twin, horned	Barney " " "	Marney "Bambi "Bambow

<u>Name</u>	- 0.0 mg/d	Flock Address		
		51 Westbrook		
No/Name Males	<u>DOB</u>	<u>Description</u>	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females Poppy	4.4.'94	50%, Hebridean x, black with brown tinge, twin, polled	Hebridean	GRO- 0024-87
Zoe	8.5.94	50%, black, polled	"	Saskia

Name		Flock	Address		
		52			
No/Name Males	DOB	Description	Hall Hook Hay	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females			\		
Only wethers	this year.		1		

Name		Flock	Address		
		53 Foxhill			
			The state of the s		val -
No/Name Males	<u>D.O.B.</u>	Description	,	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females					
F. Jill	29.4.94	UP. Shetland x.	black, twin, polled, given to	15Z6 0016 Harald	51 R 17 Gemma
Bought from	80 93 75%	flock 19	90, 50% and R11 Fanny 50%,	- all Shetlar	nd crosses
No Ella, 1.4	.05, 55.1570,	10.5.5		- an oneda	10 0103505.

Name		Flock Address 54 Norill	Allenda Value	
No/Name Males	D.O.B.	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females Bess Betty Bridie	22.3.94 22.3.94 7.4.94	75%, Shetland x, grey/black, twin, polled 75%, Shetland x, brown, twin, polled 87.5%, Shetland x, brown, polled	17RN Bragi "	Kerry " Aggie

<u>Vame</u>		Flock Address		
		55 Honorwood		
No/Name	<u>D.O.B</u> .	<u>Description</u>	Sire	Dam
Males	<u>D.O.B</u> .	Description		Daili
0007 H. Arthur	4.4.94	P, black, brown & grey, twin, horned	5 GRI Balthazar ex fl. 17	8RN ex fl. 6
0012 H.Andrew	7.4.94	P, white, twin, polled	" a	14 RN ex fl. 6
Females 0008	4.4.94	P, black with brown streaks, twin, poll-	ed "	8RN
H. Angelica				ex fl. 6
0009	9.4.94	P, brown, twin, polled	"	13 RN
H. Anemone 0010 H. Aster	9.4.94	P, brown, twin, polled	"	ex fl. 6
0011 H. Alyssum	7.4.94	P, black, twin, polled	66	14 RN ex fl. 6
		56		
No/Name Males	<u>D.O.B</u> .	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
<u>Females</u>				
This flock is to	be disband	ed. The animals are to go to		
Name		Flock Address		
Name		Flock Address 57		
Name No/Name Males Females	<u>D.O.B.</u>		<u>Sire</u>	<u>Dam</u>

<u>Name</u>		Flock Address 58		
No/Name Males - Bough Females - bou N1 Lapwing N3 Buzzard N4 Pipit N6 Wagtail N7 Kittiwake N9 Guillemot N10 Wheatear N11 Shearwater N13 Curlew	ght from 1993 " " " "	Description flock 63 P, moorit, twin, horned flock 24. All are Shetland crosses. 75%, moorit, small, twin, horned moorit, white belly, twin, polled moorit, white belly, twin, polled moorit, twin, scurs moorit, small horns black, twin, polled moorit, twin, scurs	Sire Harald flock 7 00410 10Z6 " " " " "	Dam 10Z6.384 flock 21 1990/20 1990/24 black ewe with white top knot 1990 21 1990/21 1990/21 1991/25 1986/304
Name		Flock Address 59		
No/Name Males	D.O.B.	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females from flock 3 Strawberry	23.4.91 13.4.90	86%, BWM & Shetland x, black, scurs 72%, BWM & Shetland x, black, polled	Basil flock 3 Ragnor	Mulberry flock 3 Kirsty
Wether lambs ke Raspberry	ept for woo 6.5.94	93%, fawn, twin, horned	Duncan flock15	Strawberry
Blackberry Bilberry Blueberry	6.4.94 5.4.94 5.4.94	93%, black, twin, horned 86%, black, twin, horned 86%, black, twin, horned	1990 impor " Duncan	t " Mulberry "

<u>Name</u>		Flock Address		
		60		
No/Name Males	D.O.B.	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females - from 1 Gullfoss	25.3.94	flock 5 P., golden brown/apricot, triplet, polled	Thunder	Cinnamon
Name	100 to 10	Flock Address 61		
No/Name	<u>D.O.B</u> .	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Males - from Allsorts	31.3.94	flock 3 P., moorit, twin, horned floci	Duncan k 5, 1990 im	Liquorice
<u>Females</u> - from Hazel	5.4.90	, flock 3 84.4%, BWM & Shetland x, moorit, twin, polled	Ragnor '89 fl. 15	Freya
Willow	13.4.90	72%, BWM & Shetland x, moorit, twin, polled	69 11. 13	Kirsty
Liquorice	19.4.92	P., black/brown, polled	Heliot flock 15	Icicle
Toffee Cherry	31.3.94 3.94	P., moorit, twin, horned 86%, BWM & Shetland x, moorit, twin, horned	Duncan "	Liquorice Willow
<u>Name</u>		Flock Address		
		62		
No/Name	<u>D.O.B</u> .	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Males 13-GRI gold Ettienne	15.4.94	P, white, twin, horned, ex flock 17	Grinn	Cecily
Females - from 1 Ginny 2 Rummy 3 Sherry	11.3.93 11.3.93 8.3.93	flock 5 P., white, twin, polled P., black, twin, polled 87.5%, Jacob/Suffolk x, gold/brown, triplet, horned	Thunder "	Cinnamon "28

Cinnamon appears as Honey in last year's return for flock 5, an was originally registered as such. No. 28, 13.4.91, named Greyface, was registered as 50% but was in fact 75% Icelandic.

Name		Flock Address	
	The same of the sa	63 Kinabalu	
No/Name	<u>D.O.B</u> .	<u>Description</u>	<u>Sire</u> <u>Dam</u>
Males			1114 1076 204
Johann	31.3.94	P., brown, twin, horned, sold to	Harald 10Z6 384 ex flock 7 flock 21
Haraldsson		flock 58.	
258 Thor	1990	P., import, brown and white, horned, fro	m Hock 18
Females			21
10Z6384 Ilse	14.5.90	P., import, grey/brown, horned, ex flock	21
Grizelda	4.93	U.P., grey, black extremities, polled	
		from lock 24	
	ree ewes w	vere acquired from Those	e with the pre-fix E.I.H. were
bred by	, flock		
E.I.H.8 Isobella	9.4.92	P., brown, horned	3Z6 353 10Z6 348
E.I.H.21 Nicki	1993	P., white, horned	E.I.H.14 E.I.H.11
Ingrid	15.5.94	P., brown, horned, single	Johann E.I.H.8
		This animal has been dehorned	Haraldsson Isobella

Name		Flock Address 64 Whinfield	0.43	
No/Name Males	<u>D.O.B</u> .	<u>Description</u>	Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Females 304 1989 Mrs Brown	1989	P, brown, polled, ex flock 24		
302 1989 Mrs Black	1989	P, black, polled, ex flock 24		
Sepia	1994	P, brown, twin, polled	00410/10Z6 flock 24	304.1989
Brown Sugar	1994	P, brown, twin, polled,	110CK 24	"
Cherry Blossom	1994	P, black, twin, polled	"	202 1000
Ebony	1994	P, black, twin, polled	"	302.1989

Name		Flock Address 65			
No/Name Males	D.O.B.	<u>Description</u>	Sire	Dam	
- <u>Females</u> - bougl 6-PI blue Etta	ht from 19.4.94	flock 17 P., apricot, twin, horned	Piper	Columbin	
17-BER gold	28.3.93	UP, black, triplet, polled	flock 7 Bertie	Araminta	
Demelza 7-BER Dinah 1993 bought from		93.75%, white, twin, polled flock 44	"	Baccardi	
4/93 retag 65/1	26,4,93	P, apricot, twin, horned 00039-2Z		5 LH 271	
<u>Name</u>		Flock Address 66 Fraig	. '		
No/Name Males	<u>D.O.B</u> .	Description	Sire	<u>Dam</u>	
2 gold Augustus Zeus Fr. 611/93 Selskay	1.5.90 4.5.92 14.4.93	P, black, twin, polled, ex flock 17 P, black, twin, horned, ex flock 24 75%, brown, twin, horned	/354 799/3 Imp. 418 Zeus	335 Imp. 305 356 fl. 24	
Females 354/86 355/87 356/86 DHW	1986 1987 1986	50%, apricot, polled, ex flock 24 50%, brown, polled. ex flock 24 50%, brown, polled, ex flock 24 50%, black, polled, ex flock 24 50%, black, polled, ex flock 24 50%, black, polled, ex flock 24			
301/86 Fr. 601/93	1986 4.93	30%, black, black/ grey manepolled, ex flock 75%, black, grey, white belly, twin, polled	k 24 Zeus	356/86	

75%, apricot, twin, scurs

75%, black, twin, polled

75%, beige, twin, polled

75%, black, twin, polled

62.5%, apricot, twin, polled

sold to Isle of Muck

75%, apricot, twin, small, horns

75%, grey/black, twin, polled

75%, black/grey, twin, horned

62.5%, grey/black, twin, horned

75%, apricot, twin, polled, sold as above

Fr. 602/93

Fr. 603/93

Fr. 604/93

Fr. 605/93

Fr. 606/93

Fr. 607/93

Fr. 608/93

Fr. 758/94

Fr. 759/94

Fr. 760/94

4.93

4.93

4.93

4.93

4.93

4.93

4.93

8.4.94

8.4.94

1.4.94

white mane ex fl. 24

355/87

356/86

301/86

ex fl. 24

355/87

301/86

black/brown ex fl. 24

black, fl. 24

black/white

Zeus

Name		Flock	Address		
		67			
No/Name	D.O.B.	Description		Sire	<u>Dam</u>
Males E5266/129 Basil	1992	P, white, badger ex flock 45	face, twin, horned	RM 190	16Z6 497
Females EIH 10 Hey	1991	P, white, horned ex flock 27		RM 123 (now EIH 14)	G.B. 106
EIH 16 Larraine	4.93	P, white, horned ex flock 27		R.M. 123	EIH 10
W-F 1 Black Bess	4.94	P, black, horned		E5266/129	EIH 10

N	ame		Flock	Address		
			68			
_						
	o/Name	<u>D.O.B.</u>	Description		Sire	<u>Dam</u>
23 Sp	RN oringfield unnar	8.4.94	P, moorit, twin, ex flock 6	horned	196 Grimur	02RN Bruni
8 I ret pu Du	emales Dozemary Lag 22GRI Irple 2 CHA Ilcie	6.4.93 25.3.93		flock 17 t, polled, ex flock 17	799 88 354 Grinn A.99 Charlemagne	Heimay 1 BER Bathsheba
5 F	I blue Eloise Pl blue mintrude	17.4.94 18.4.94	P, grey, twin, po	lled, ex flock 17 lled, ex flock 17	Piper fl. 7	Cordelia Ceanothus

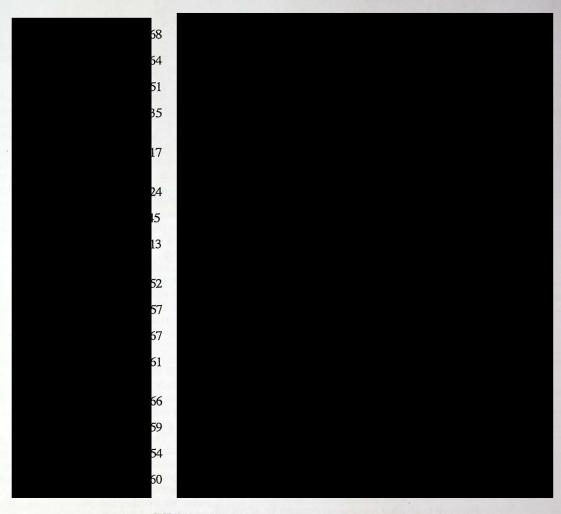
Name		Flock Address 69		
<u>No/Name</u> 152	<u>D.O.B.</u> 12. 4.94	Description P, brown, twin, horned, ex flock 45	Sire RM 190	<u>Dam</u> 326 137
<u>Females</u> 153 158	10.4.94 22.4.94	P, brown, horned, ex flock 45 P, badger face, triplet, horned, ex flock 45	144 RM190	LH83 1626 497

<u>Dec'd</u> The following animals bought from flock 45 and died later as the result of a vetinary overdose, 151, 12.4.94, 159, 22.4.94, 160, 25.4.94, 161, 25.4.94.

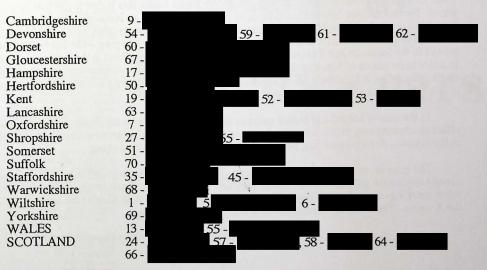
Name		Flock	Address		
	galacia M	70			
	-61-	Visse agent Tale			
No/Name Males	D.O.B.	Description		Sire	<u>Dam</u>
66 Hagar	1990	P, white, horne	d, 1990 import, from flock 9		
Females OF 231 051 gold, Helgar	1990	P, white, horned	d,1990 import, from flock 9		
OF 231 053	1992	P, white, twin, j	polled, ex flock 9	Hagar	Fiona 1988
gold, Fanny OF 231 054	1992	P, white, triplet	, polled, ex flock 9	"	1 red Flora 1983
gold, Freckles OF 231 056 gold, Frolic	1992	P, white, triplet	, polled, ex flock 9	"	ex fl. 1
OF 231 055 gold, Fenella	1992	P, white, triplet	, polled, ex flock 9	"	"
OF231 6, retag OF231 081 gree	1993	P, white, triplet,	polled, ex flock 9	"	Freda
OF231 7, retag OF231 080 gree	1993	P. white, triplet,	polled, ex flock 9	"	"
OF231 8, retag OF231 078 gree	1993	P, white, triplet,	polled, ex flock 9		"
OF231 1, retag	1993	P, white, twin, h	orned, ex flock 9	"	Helga
OF231 079 gree OF231 4, retag	1993	P, white, twin, p	olled, ex flock 9	"	Flora
OF231 076 gree 003 red	n 1994	P, ex flock 9		Augustus	OF 231 8
007 red	1994	P, ex flock 9		fl. 17	1993 Fiona 1988 I red

INDEX





INDEX BY COUNTY



A Note on Genetics

Genes can be thought of as switches which control the production of the chemicals necessary for development. As breeders of Icelandic sheep our main interest will be in the genes which control the growth of horns and the production of colour and patterns.

Genes come in pairs because one gene is inherited from each parent. Each parent also has the genes in pairs and it is pure chance which of the pair passes to the offspring. Hence a ram which has inherited the gene for white coat colour from its father and the gene for black from its mother will pass one of these two genes to any lamb it may sire, but which of these two genes for colour will be a matter of chance. It is clear that the ram which has inherited one gene for black and one gene for white cannot be both at the same time (grey is carried by another gene), the gene which will show is called the dominant gene, the colour gene which is carried but does not show in the coat is called the recessive gene. In the case of our ram we can be certain that he will be white since white coat colour is dominant to black. However we cannot know which of his two genes he will pass on to his son. If the lamb inherits the white gene from his father and another white gene from his mother he will be white, if he inherits the black gene from his father and a black gene fron his mother he will be black, but if he inherits his father's black gene and a white gene from his mother he will look white but will still be carrying a black gene. This explains why the occasional black lamb can turn up in a flock of white animals, because if two white animals, each carrying a gene for black, mated, they could produce either a white lamb which inherited the white gene from both sides, or a white lamb which carried the black gene from one parent, or a black lamb which had inherited the black gene from both parents. If the pair produced twins or triplets they might have white lambs, black lambs or a mixture of white and black lambs. What will not happen is a lamb which is both black and white because there is yet another gene which controls broken colour-

The colours which we find in sheep are white, grey, black and brown. White is in a group of genes called the A series. It is dominant to all colours with one exception. Another colour found in this series is the reddish colour found, for instance, in marmalade cats, in sheep this may be shown in the tan coloured legs and faces sometimes found on white Icelandic sheep; this colour usually fades during the first year. The white Portland sheep has foxy coloured lambs - this is also due to the effect of this gene. Grey colouring is also controlled by a gene in this series. The B series controls the production of the chemicals which form pigment. The less dominant colours, black and brown, are both in the B series, black is written as 'B' because it is dominant to brown, which is written as 'b'. When a black animal is crossed with a brown one, the offspring will be black, but perhaps a less intense black than the animal carrying a black gene from both parents The exception to this list of colours and their dominance is a rare colour known as 'dominant black' which is found in the E series and also when the A series and S series are working together. This black is dominant to all other colours. It is carried by the Jacob and the Black Welsh Mountain. Jacobs when crossed with most other breeds will produce a black lamb, this is due to the action of these genes. Neither of these breeds should be used for crossing with an Icelandic. In the past Jacobs have been crossed with the black Hebridean, and, as a result, complicated breeding programmes have had to be undertaken to decide which gene the animals are carrying. The Shetland is closely related to the Icelandic and if breeding pure is not possible the Shetland is the best cross available. In order to be certain of breeding the desired colours it is necessary to be aware of the pedigree of one's animals, or, alternatively, to limit oneself to brown, which, being recessive to all other colours, can have no hidden colour genes.

In the case of horned and polled animals the gene for polled is dominant to horned but the effect of crossing may produce smaller horns in the male and no horns, or exceedingly small ones, in the female. Scurs (almost flat, bony lumps) are common in polled sheep.

The gene for self-colour is in the S series. It is dominant to the gene for broken colour. A sheep carrying the gene for broken colour may not show this, but it can be shown by restricted white markings on the head or legs. Some of the patterns found in the Icelandic are controlled by the A series. These include the badger-face and mouflon markings.

THE bleating of two dozen Icelandic sheep is sheer music to the ears of bassoonist,

for her unusual flock yields fleeces of great value to those involved in the textile industry.

Wool from the sheep is likely to be much sought after by discerning spinners because while the under-fleece is so fine that it can be used for fleecy underblankets or the softest of baby clothes, the coarser top layer is sultable for all kinds of outer garments.

musician by profession, but early every morning, before setting off on bartravels as a has, her

"I was very lucky indeed to get permission to import them to England," she said, referring to her original trip to Iceland in 1990 to stay with a friend.

VERY HAPPY

"The Icelanders are very happy to export the wool but not the actual animals because they are trying to re-stock the country's ovine population with scraple-free recorded animals."

ad first seen the attractively coloured sheep when visiting a musician friend in Iceland four years ago. While there she made enquiries about bringing some back to the UK.

to the UK.

"I actually looked up the
Minister of Agriculture in
the phone book and made
an appointment to see him
in Reykjavik. He very
kindly advised me which
were the scraple free
flocks and I spoke to six
different farmers who
agreed to supply me," she
said.

said.

The farmers with whom she eventually arranged deals also set up breeding programmes to get back to coloured sheep — white, grey, brown and black plus permutations of these colours. Over the years, they have purposely bred white which is the dominant colour.

"There are Badger Faced, Mouflon and Spotted sheep, all recognised by the Flock Book and the farmers kindly agreed to breed colour back into their flocks to that we would have good examples to bring into the UK," she said.

The importation in 1991 was the first since 1970 when just three Icelandic sheep were allowed into the British Isles, and considerably larger, totalling 33.



IF you want advice, go to the top! et the Icelandic Minister of Agriculture before buying and Importing Icelandic sheep.

"The point is that the Icelanders are trying to restock their own country with sheep which have a clean bill of health and they are unwilling to allow any more to go for export.

ort.
"I returned to Iceland
and visited all six farms,
looking at about 200 lambs
in each place. In the end, I
chose 33 of them which I
bought and arranged to
import.

"They eventually arrived on our farm and several lots were, in turn, purchased from me and small flocks established from my importation," said

ents,
are both veterinary surgeons who have practised
in the
area for more than 40

No special feeding is necessary and her sheep are pampered compared with their home-based counterparts and from October through to lambing and turnout time in May, are housed in tall, narrow wooden buildings with slatted floors

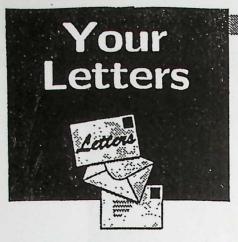
ungstock for sale and is willing to help and advise anyone interested in establishing a flock of Icelandic sheep in the re-

Bleating is music to



ears

Farmers Guardian 22.4.1994



Winter shearing

Due to predicted adverse weather conditions, ie, cold and wet, and the fact that previously our fleeces tend to lift and deteriorate from March onwards, we decided to winter shear our flock of Icelandic sheep for the first time in ten years. Icelandic sheep have a long fine coat reaching the ground, which sheds naturally in the spring. It can get quite soiled, cotted and full of hay seed; in other words, not perfect. As we sell to hand spinners, we wanted to produce the perfect fleece. Winter shearing could be the answer.

The ewes were at grass, water ad lib plus a Rumavite food block (1 block to 12 ewes), four weeks prior to tupping on November 1st. Lambing was therefore expected from the end of March.

We are able to shear our own sheep, so booking a shearer or picking a fine day was not a problem. On the 10th February, approximately 3½ months into gestation, the ewes were shorn and housed. Hay was now fed *ad lib*, together with a food block and water. We prefer the food block to concentrates, as it prevents the mad rush to feed and ewes can feed when they wish.

This was the easiest and best shearing we have ever done. The ewes sat quietly, without being agitated about where their lambs were. They were nicely rounded with neat, visible udders and were in very good condition. The machine, glided

along with no sticking problems, a real pleasure to do. The fleeces were excellent and the hand spinners we supply were delighted. Icelandic fleeces grow quickly, so we will shear again in August and expect a staple length of 4-5 inches.

All the ewes lambed within two weeks. The usual visible signs of lambing were observed and the ewes individually penned. All the lambs were strong, up on their feet and looking within minutes, with no losses at all. Lambing percentage was 162%. We kept ewe and lambs penned for 48 hours to establish the bond, then they were turned out to fresh clean grass, when weather permitted.

Winter shearing may not be possible for large flocks, but for smaller ones, it is something we can thoroughly recommend. It was a pleasure to be able to observe, day and night, the dry, contented ewes under cover and hear the wind and rain lashing down outside. Apart from having to clean out the barn in the spring we cannot think of anything against the procedure and it will be a continuous winter regime for us.

flock 19, This letter from appeared in the 'Country Garden' magazine in August 1994. would like to add to this. She says that following the winter shearing the sheep had to be shorn again in the spring because of the effect of the spring moult upon the fleece. The wool of the ewes which had lambed had suffered from their condition and did not prove satisfactory but the other animals produced a second intend to fleece of good quality. The continue with winter shearing because it avoids the contamination of the fleece during housing and the fleece from the ewe is not affected by lambing. In Iceland the sheep have to be housed in the winter because of the climate. and it is usual for the animals to be shorn when they are brought inside.

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